FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

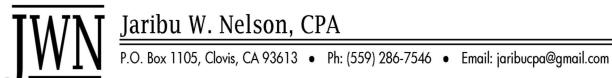
FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

JUNE 30, 2021

TABLE OF CONTENTS

<u>Page</u>

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT1
FINANCIAL STATEMENTS:
STATEMENT OF NET POSITION
STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION4
STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS
NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:
SCHEDULE OF NET SEWER REVENUE AVAILABLE FOR DEBT SERVICE
SCHEDULE OF NET WATER REVENUE AVAILABLE FOR DEBT SERVICE
OTHER INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT:
INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Board of Directors Delhi County Water District Delhi, California

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of Delhi County Water District (District), which comprise the statement of net position as of and for the year ended June 30, 2021, and the related statement of revenues, expenses and changes in net position, and cash flows for the year then ended, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal controls relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these basic financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of Delhi County Water District as of June 30, 2021, and the respective changes in financial position, and cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Management has omitted the management's discussion and analysis that accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require to be presented to supplement the financial statements. Such missing information, although not a part of the financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. Our opinion on the financial statements is not affected by this missing information.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated March 29, 2022, on our consideration of the Delhi County Water District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Jaribu W. Nelson, CPA

March 29, 2022

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2021

	Water		 Sewer	Total	
ASSETS					
Current assets:					
Cash and investments	\$ 2	2,274,691	\$ 3,027,540	\$	5,302,231
Restricted cash and investments		215,190	530,789		745,979
Accounts receivable, net		151,734	18,926		170,660
Prepaid expenses		7,913	 7,913		15,826
Total current assets	2	2,649,528	 3,585,168		6,234,696
Noncurrent assets:					
Capital assets:					
Nondepreciable	2	2,184,114	556,619		2,740,733
Depreciable, net of accumulated depreciation	3	3,137,151	 5,734,543		8,871,694
Total noncurrent assets	5	5,321,265	 6,291,162		11,612,427
Total assets	7	7,970,793	 9,876,330		17,847,123
LIABILITIES					
Current liabilities:					
Accounts payable		563,277	38,269		601,546
Accrued payroll liabilities		5,291	5,291		10,582
Customer deposits		210,412	-		210,412
Unearned revenue		70,190	-		70,190
Accrued interest		8,047	5,956		14,003
Current portion of long-term debt		117,000	 108,805		225,805
Total current liabilities		974,217	 158,321		1,132,538
Noncurrent liabilities:					
Compensated absences		10,384	30,664		41,048
Long-term debt	1	1,141,000	 405,372		1,546,372
Total noncurrent liabilities	1	1,151,384	 436,036		1,587,420
Total liabilities	2	2,125,601	 594,357		2,719,958
NET POSITION					
Net investment in capital assets Restricted:	4	,063,265	6,291,162		10,354,427
Construction projects		215,190	530,789		745,979
Unrestricted	1	,566,737	 2,460,022		4,026,759
Total net position	<u>\$5</u>	5,845,192	\$ 9,281,973	\$	15,127,165

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

	Water	Sewer	Total
Operating revenues:			
Utility fees	<u>\$ 1,338,551</u>	<u>\$ 1,328,045</u>	\$ 2,666,596
Total operating revenues	1,338,551	1,328,045	2,666,596
Operating expenses:			
Administrative and general	306,038	219,537	525,575
Transmission and distribution	340,080	-	340,080
Treatment and disposal	-	582,962	582,962
Miscellaneous	21,398	17,533	38,931
Depreciation	157,311	288,401	445,712
Bad debt	4,491	(1,408)	3,083
Total operating expenses	829,318	1,107,025	1,936,343
Operating income (loss)	509,233	221,020	730,253
Nonoperating revenues (expenses):			
Interest income	1,173	1,173	2,346
Interest expense	(17,703)	1,514	(16,189)
Cost of issuance	(57,655)	-	(57,655)
Property taxes	103,679	103,679	207,358
Orchard rental income	6,448	6,448	12,896
Grant revenue	67,535	-	67,535
Miscellaneous revenue	22,054	3,665	25,719
Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)	125,531	116,479	242,010
Income (loss) before transfers	634,764	337,499	972,263
Transfers in	-	35,909	35,909
Transfers out	(35,909)		(35,909)
Change in net position	598,855	373,408	972,263
Net position - beginning (restated)	5,246,337	8,908,565	14,154,902
Net position - ending	\$ 5,845,192	<u>\$ </u>	<u>\$ 15,127,165</u>

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

	Water	Sewer	Total
Cash flows from operating activities: Receipt from customers and users Payments to suppliers Payments to or on behalf of employees	\$ 1,314,588 (423,791) (236,466)	\$ 1,336,726 (604,063) (213,903)	\$ 2,651,314 (1,027,854) (450,369)
Net cash provided by (used for) operating activities	654,331	518,760	1,173,091
Cash flows from noncapital financing activities: Property taxes Miscellaneous Transfers in Transfers out	103,679 28,192 - (35,909)	103,679 3,665 35,909	207,358 31,857 35,909 (35,909)
Net cash provided by (used for) noncapital financing activities	95,962	143,253	239,215
Cash flows from capital and related financing activities: Purchase of capital assets Grant funded capital assets Proceeds from issuance of capital debt Costs from debt issuance Principal paid on capital debt Interest paid on capital debt	(1,131,172) 67,535 1,258,000 (57,655) - (9,656)	(48,661) - - (105,843) (16,461)	(1,179,833) 67,535 1,258,000 (57,655) (105,843) (26,117)
Net cash provided by (used for) capital and related financing activities	127,052	(170,965)	(43,913)
Cash flows from investing activities: Orchard rental income Interest income	6,448 1,173	6,448 1,173	12,896 2,346
Net cash provided by (used for) investing activities	7,621	7,621	15,242
Increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	884,966	498,669	1,383,635
Cash and cash equivalents - beginning	1,604,915	3,059,660	4,664,575
Cash and cash equivalents - ending	\$ 2,489,881	\$ 3,558,329	\$ 6,048,210
Reconciliation of Operating Income (Loss) to Net Ca	ash Provided (Us	ed) by Operating	Activities
Operating income (loss)	\$ 509,233	\$ 221,020	\$ 730,253
Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net cash provided by (used for) operating activities: Depreciation expense Changes in operating assets and liabilities: (Increase) decrease in accounts receivables Increase (decrease) in prepaid expenses Increase (decrease) in accounts payable Increase (decrease) in accrued payroll liabilities Increase (decrease) in customer deposits Increase (decrease) in unearned revenue Increase (decrease) in compensated absences	157,311 (20,742) (7,913) (54,400) 5,291 1,270 70,190 (5,909)	288,401 7,273 (7,913) 4,345 5,291 - - 343	445,712 (13,469) (15,826) (50,055) 10,582 1,270 70,190 (5,566)
	ф <u>с</u> си ори	¢ 540.700	¢ 4 470 004

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

Net cash provided by (used for) operating activities

654,331

\$

518,760

\$

\$ 1,173,091

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2021

NOTE 1 – ORGANIZATION

Delhi County Water District (the "District") was formed in 1958 and provides water and sewer services to residents of the District. The District's financial and administrative functions are governed by a fivemember Board of Directors elected by the voting population within the District. The District's mission statement is to improve the quality of life for the people of Delhi by providing clean, safe, and affordable drinking water and dependable wastewater services.

NOTE 2 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The basic financial statements of Delhi County Water District have been prepared in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles as applied to government units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The more significant of the District's accounting policies are described below.

Fund Accounting

The District is an enterprise fund. The enterprise fund is used to account for water and sewer operations that are financed and operated in a manner similar to private business enterprises. The intent of the District is that the costs (expenses, including depreciation) of providing goods and services to the general public on a continuing basis be financed or recovered primarily through user charges.

Basis of Accounting

The basis of accounting refers to when revenues and expenses are recognized in the accounts and reported in the financial statements. Basis of accounting relates to the timing of measurement made, regardless of the measurement focus applied.

The District's accounting records are maintained in accordance with the Uniform System of Accounts for Public Utilities as prescribed by the Division of Local Government Fiscal Affairs of the State of California. The records are maintained, and the accompanying financial statements are presented on the accrual basis of accounting. Operating revenues and expenses, such as water sales along with water purchases, result from exchange transactions associated with the principal activity of the District. Exchange transactions are those in which each party receives and gives up essentially equal values. Management, administration, and depreciation expenses are also considered operating expenses. Other revenues and expenses not included in the above categories are reported as non-operating revenues and expenses, result from non-exchange transactions in which the District gives (receives) value without directly receiving (giving) value in exchange.

Budget and Budgetary Accounting

The Board of Directors annually adopts an operating budget. The operating budgets are prepared on the accrual basis to match the operating statements.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2021

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Property Taxes

Merced County assesses properties and bills and collects and distributes property taxes to the District. Merced County remits the entire amount levied and handles all delinquencies, retaining interest and penalties. Secured and unsecured property taxes are levied on January 1.

Secured property tax is due in two installments on November 1 and February 1 and becomes a lien on those dates. It becomes delinquent on December 10 and April 10, respectively. Unsecured property tax is due on July 31 and becomes delinquent on August 31.

The term "unsecured" refers to taxes on personal property other than real estate, land, and buildings. These taxes are secured by liens on the property taxed. Property tax revenues are recognized by the District in the fiscal year they are assessed.

Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities, and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results may differ from those estimates.

Cash and cash equivalents

All highly liquid investments with a maturity of three months or less when purchased are considered to be cash equivalents.

Allowance for Doubtful Accounts

The District provides an allowance for doubtful accounts based upon management's review and analysis of receivables and considers the age of past due accounts. Accounts receivable are written off when deemed uncollectible. The allowance for doubtful accounts was \$26,356 and \$5,392 for the water and sewer funds, respectively.

Capital Assets

Capital assets are recorded based on purchase cost. Assets acquired by contribution are recorded at estimated cost or fair market value at the time of acquisition. Capital asset acquisitions in excess of \$10,000 are capitalized if they have an expected useful life of more than one year.

Land and construction in progress are not depreciated. The other property, plant, and equipment of the District is depreciated using the straight-line method over the estimated useful lives of the respective assets, which range from five to fifty years.

Compensated Absences

Vested or accumulated vacation and sick leave that is expected to be liquidated with expendable available financial resources is reported as a current liability.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2021

NOTE 3 – CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

The District maintains cash for both funds. Cash and cash equivalents as of June 30, 2021 are classified in the accompanying financial statements as follows:

Statement of Net Position		
Cash and investments	\$	5,302,231
Restricted cash and investments	_	745,979
Total cash and investments	\$	6,048,210
		· · · · ·

Cash and cash equivalents as of June 30, 2021 consist of the following:

Deposits with financial institutions Investments	\$ 5,810,625 237,585
Total deposits	\$ 6,048,210

Investments Authorized by the California Government Code and the District's Investment Policy

The table below identifies the investment types that are authorized for the District by the California Government Code (or the District's investments policy, where more restrictive). The table also identifies certain provisions of the California Government Code (or the District's investment policy, where more restrictive) that address interest rate risk, credit risk, and concentration of credit risk. The District's investment policy does not contain any specific provisions intended to limit the District's exposure to interest rate risk, credit risk, and concentration of credit risk. This table does not address investments of debt proceeds held by bond trustee that are governed by the provisions of debt agreements of the District, rather than the general provisions of the California Government Code or the District's investment policy.

Authorized Investment Type	Maximum Maturity	Maximum Percentage of Portfolio or Amount	Maximum Investment of One Issuer or Amount
U.S. Treasury obligations	5 years	None	None
U.S. Agency securities	5 years	None	None
Bankers acceptances	180 days	40%	12%
Negotiable certificates of deposit	5 years	30%	12%
Time certificates of deposit	5 years	5%	\$250,000
Repurchase agreements	30 days	None	None
Medium-term notes	5 years	15%	12%
Municipal obligations	5 years	15%	12%
Local agency investment fund (LAIF)	N/A	None	None
Mutual funds	N/A	10%	10%

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2021

NOTE 3 - CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS (Continued)

Disclosures Relating to Interest Rate Risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in market interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. Generally, the longer the maturity of an investment, the greater the sensitivity of its fair value to changes in market interest rates. One of the ways that the District manages its exposure to interest rate risk is by maintaining funds in liquid, short-term investments, which can be converted to cash when necessary to meet disbursement requirements.

Information about the sensitivity of the fair values of the District's investments (including investments held by bond trustee) to market interest rate fluctuations is provided by the following table that shows the distribution of the District's investments by maturity:

		Remaining Maturity (in months)						
Investment Type	Fair Value	12 Months or Less	13 to 24 Months	25 to 60 Months	More Than 60 Months			
Certificates of deposit	<u>\$ 237,585</u>	<u>\$ 237,585</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>			
Total	<u>\$ 237,585</u>	<u>\$ 237,585</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>			

Disclosures Relating to Credit Risk

Generally, credit risk is the risk that an issuer of an investment will not fulfill its obligation to the holder of the investment. This is measured by the assignment of a rating by a nationally recognized statistical rating organization. Presented below is the minimum rating required, where applicable, by the California Government Code, the District's investment policy, or debt agreements, and the actual rating as of year-end for each investment type:

	Rating as of Year-End					
Investment Type	Fair Value	Not Rated				
Certificates of deposit	<u>\$ 237,585</u>	<u>\$ 237,585</u>				
Total	<u>\$ 237,585</u>	\$ 237,585				

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2021

NOTE 3 - CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS (Continued)

Concentration of Credit Risk

Concentration of credit risk is the risk that the failure of any one issuer would place an undue financial burden on the District. The investment policy of the District contains no limitations on the amount that can be invested in any one issuer beyond that stipulated in the California Government Code. As of June 30, 2021, investments in any one issuer (other than U.S. Treasury securities, mutual funds, and external investment pools) that represents 5% or more of the total pooled investment in the following:

Investment Type		Total
Certificates of deposit	<u>\$</u>	237,585
Total	\$	237,585

Custodial Credit Risk

Custodial credit risk for *deposits* is the risk that, in the event of the failure of a depository financial institution, a government will not be able to recover its deposits or will not be able to recover collateral securities that are in possession of an outside party. The custodial credit risk for investments is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterpart (e.g., broker-dealer) to a transaction, a District will not be able to recover the value of its investment or collateral securities that are in the possession of another party. The California Government Code and the District's investment policy do not contain legal or policy requirements that would limit the exposure to custodial credit risk for deposits or investments, other than the following provision for deposits: the California Government units by pledging securities in an undivided collateral pool held by a depository regulated under the state law (unless so waived by the government unit). The market value of the pledged securities in the collateral pool must equal at least 110% of the total amount deposited by the public agencies. California law also allows financial institutions to secure District deposits by pledging first trust deed mortgage notes having a value of 150% of the secured public deposits.

As of June 30, 2021, none of the District's deposits with financial institutions in excess of federal depository insurance limits were held in non-collateralized accounts.

Fair Value Hierarchy

The District categorizes its fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The District has the following recurring fair value measurements as of June 30, 2021:

Investments by Fair Value Level	F	Fair Value		Level 1 Inputs		Level 2 Inputs		vel 3 puts
Certificates of Deposit	<u>\$</u>	237,585	<u>\$</u>	<u> </u>	\$	237,585	<u>\$</u>	
Total Investments	\$	237,585	\$		\$	237,585	\$	-

Certificates of deposit are valued based on the rates currently offered for deposits of similar remaining maturities.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2021

NOTE 4 – RECEIVABLES

Receivables consist of the following at June 30, 2021:

		Water Sewer		Water		 Total
Accounts receivable Allowance for uncollectable	\$	178,090 (26,356)	\$	24,318 (5,392)	\$ 202,408 (31,748)	
Total receivables, net	\$	151,734	\$	18,926	\$ 170,660	

NOTE 5 – CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital assets activity for each fund for the year ended June 30, 2021 are as follows:

	Balance				
	June 30, 2020			Balance	
	(Restated)	Additions	Deletions	June 30, 2021	
Water Fund:					
Capital assets not being depreciated:					
Land	\$ 70,800	\$-	\$-	\$ 70,800	
Construction in progress	429,035	1,684,279		2,113,314	
Total capital assets, not being depreciated	499,835	1,684,279		2,184,114	
Capital assets being depreciated:					
Buildings	62,493	-	-	62,493	
Improvements - nonbuildings	5,976,721	-	-	5,976,721	
Machinery and equipment	452,441	36,942		489,383	
Total capital assets being depreciated	6,491,655	36,942		6,528,597	
Less accumulated depreciation for:					
Buildings	(52,176)	(547)	-	(52,723)	
Improvements - nonbuildings	(2,811,673)	(143,290)	-	(2,954,963)	
Machinery and equipment	(370,286)	(13,474)		(383,760)	
Total accumulated depreciation, net	(3,234,135)	(157,311)		(3,391,446)	
Total capital assets being depreciated, net	3,257,520	(120,369)		3,137,151	
Water fund capital assets, net	\$ 3,757,355	\$ 1,563,910	<u>\$</u> -	\$ 5,321,265	

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2021

NOTE 5 - CAPITAL ASSETS (Continued)

Capital assets activity for each fund for the year ended June 30, 2021 are as follows:

	Balance June 30, 2020	Additions	Deletions	Balance June 30, 2021
Sewer Fund:				
Capital assets not being depreciated: Land	\$ 556,619	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 556,619
Lanu	<u> </u>	Ψ	Ψ	<u> </u>
Total capital assets, not being depreciated	556,619			556,619
Capital assets being depreciated:				
Buildings	77,243	-	-	77,243
Improvements - nonbuildings	9,180,825	-	-	9,180,825
Machinery and equipment	2,332,564	48,661		2,381,225
Total capital assets being depreciated	11,590,632	48,661		11,639,293
Less accumulated depreciation for:				
Buildings	(66,928)	(547)	-	(67,475)
Improvements - nonbuildings	(4,511,577)	(222,856)	-	(4,734,433)
Machinery and equipment	(1,037,844)	(64,998)		(1,102,842)
Total accumulated depreciation, net	(5,616,349)	(288,401)		(5,904,750)
Total capital assets being depreciated, net	5,974,283	(239,740)		5,734,543
Sewer fund capital assets, net	<u>\$ 6,530,902</u>	<u>\$ (239,740)</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 6,291,162</u>

Depreciation expense is charged to each fund as follows:

Water Fund Sewer Fund	\$ 157,311 288,401
Total	\$ 445,712

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2021

NOTE 6 - LONG-TERM LIABILITIES

The following is a summary of the long-term liabilities transactions of the District for the year ended June 30, 2021:

		Balance e 30, 2020	Incurred or Issued	Satisfied or Matured	Balance June 30, 2021	Due Within One Year
2015 Wastewater Loan 2021 Water Revenue Loan Compensated absences	\$	620,020 - 46,614	\$- 1,258,000 <u>64,256</u>	\$ (105,843) - (69,822)	\$ 514,177 1,258,000 <u> 41,048</u>	\$ 108,805 117,000
Total	<u>\$</u>	666,634	<u>\$ 1,322,256</u>	<u>\$ (175,665</u>)	<u>\$ 1,813,225</u>	<u>\$225,805</u>

2015 Wastewater Loan

The District entered into a loan agreement with CoBiz Public Finance, Inc., for \$1,061,597, bearing interest of 2.78% and payable semi-annually on February 1 and August 1, maturing August 1, 2025. The loan proceeds are deposited into a financial institution to be used for the Wastewater Treatment Sludge Removal Project. The loan is a direct borrowing and is secured by a pledge of net revenues. There is a provision in the loan agreement whereby if the District is unable to make payments, then all principal and interest becomes immediately due and payable.

The following is a schedule of future estimated minimum payments related to the loan described above:

		2015 Waste	water	Loan	
Year Ending					
June 30	F	Principal	I	nterest	 Total
2022	\$	108,805	\$	13,543	\$ 122,348
2023		111,852		10,498	122,350
2024		114,982		7,366	122,348
2025		118,202		4,148	122,350
2026		60,336		839	 61,175
Totals	\$	514,177	\$	36,394	\$ 550,571

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2021

NOTE 6 - LONG-TERM LIABILITIES (Continued)

2021 Water Revenue Loan

The District entered into a loan agreement with Zions Bancorporation, N.A., for \$1,258,000, bearing interest of 1.51% and payable semi-annually on February 1 and August 1, maturing February 1, 2031. The loan proceeds are deposited into a financial institution to be used for certain public capital improvements, primarily consisting of new water meters to the District. The loan is a direct borrowing and is secured by a pledge of net revenues. There is a provision in the loan agreement whereby if the District is unable to make payments, then all principal and interest becomes immediately due and payable.

The following is a schedule of future estimated minimum payments related to the loan described above:

	2	021 Water R	levenu	ue Loan			
Year Ending							
June 30	F	Principal Intere		nterest	Total		
2022	\$	117,000	\$	19,154	\$	136,154	
2023		119,000		17,229		136,229	
2024		121,000		15,432		136,432	
2025		123,000		13,605		136,605	
2026		125,000		11,748		136,748	
2027-2031		653,000		29,838		682,838	
Totals	\$	1,258,000	\$	107,006	\$	1,365,006	

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2021

NOTE 7 - DEFERRED COMPENSATION PLAN

Effective February 27, 1998, the District established a deferred compensation plan created in accordance with Internal Revenue code Section 457. The plan is available to all full-time employees of the District at hire date and allows employees to defer a portion of their salary until future years. Employees can contribute any percentage of eligible wages; the District contributes employee percentage plus 2%, not exceeding 7%. The deferred compensation is not available to employees until termination, retirement, death, or unforeseeable emergency. The maximum deferral amount shall not exceed the lesser of \$7,500 or 33 1/3% of includible compensation. For the year ended June 30, 2021, the District incurred contribution expense of \$33,269.

The plan is administered by a life insurance company. All amounts of compensation deferred under the plan, all property and rights purchased with those amounts, and all income attributable to those amounts, property, or rights are solely the property and rights of the District (without being restricted to the provisions of benefits under the plan), subject only to the claims of the District's general creditor. Participants' rights under the plan are equal to those of general creditors of the District in an amount equal to the fair value of the deferred account for each participant.

It is the opinion of the District's management that the District has no liability for losses under the plan but does have the duty of due care that would be required of an ordinary prudent investor working with an outside investment. The District has entered into an amendment irrevocably renouncing any right to use amounts held under the plan for its own benefit or for the benefit of its creditors.

NOTE 8 – COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

On March 11, 2020, the World Health Organization declared the outbreak of a coronavirus, COVID-19, a pandemic. Accordingly, some functions of the District's operations have been limited to protect the health and safety of its employees. The financial impact that could occur as a result of the pandemic is unknown at this time.

Delhi County Water District is exposed to various risks of loss related to theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets, and injuries to employees. In the opinion of the District's attorney, there is no pending litigation which is likely to have a material adverse effect on the financial position of the District.

NOTE 9 – RESTATEMENT OF BEGINNING NET POSITION

Prior Period Adjustment

Beginning net position of the Water Fund has been restated to record a prior period adjustment as presented in the reconciliation below:

Net position, July 1, 2020, as previously reported	<u>\$ 5,178,028</u>
Prior period adjustments: Understatement of accounts receivable Understatement of capital assets	6,138 <u>62,171</u>
Total prior period adjustments	68,309
Net position, July 1, 2020 (restated)	<u>\$ 5,246,337</u>

THIS PAGE LEFT BLANK INTENTIONALLY

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

THIS PAGE LEFT BLANK INTENTIONALLY

SCHEDULE OF NET SEWER REVENUE AVAILABLE FOR DEBT SERVICE FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

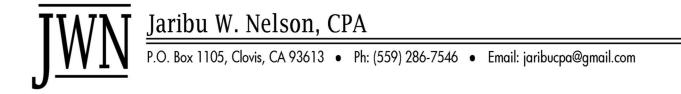
Revenue		
Service charges	\$	1,328,045
Total service charges		1,328,045
Miscellaneous revenue:		
Interest earnings		1,173
Other revenues		113,792
Total miscellaneous revenue	_	114,965
Total revenue		1,443,010
Operations and maintenance		
Personnel costs		415,783
Supplies		50,099
Professional services		163,581
Wastewater treatment plant management service		152,844
Other charges		40,150
Total operations and maintenance		822,457
Net revenue available for debt service		620,553
Debt Service		
2015 Wastewater Loan		122,348
Total debt service		122,348
Net revenue after debt service	\$	498,205
Debt service coverage		5.07

SCHEDULE OF NET WATER REVENUE AVAILABLE FOR DEBT SERVICE FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

Revenue	
Service charges	\$ 1,338,551
Total service charges	 1,338,551
Miscellaneous revenue:	4 4 7 0
Interest earnings	1,173
Other revenues	 199,716
Total miscellaneous revenue	 200,889
Total revenue	 1,539,440
Operations and maintenance	
Personnel costs	337,715
Supplies	49,570
Professional services	180,586
Wastewater treatment plant management service	38,435
Other charges	 69,798
Total operations and maintenance	 676,104
Net revenue available for debt service	 863,336
Debt Service	
2021 Water Revenue Loan	 136,154
Total debt service	 136,154
Net revenue after debt service	\$ 727,182
Debt service coverage	6.34

OTHER INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

THIS PAGE LEFT BLANK INTENTIONALLY



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

To the Board of Directors Delhi County Water District Delhi, California

We have audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of Delhi County Water District (District), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2021, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated March 29, 2022.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the Delhi County Water District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that weakness every than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Delhi County Water District's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Jaribu W. Nelson, CPA

March 29, 2022